11. Work and Energy

- Condition for scientifically work to be done
 - 1. There must be a displacement
 - 2. Displacement must be along the direction of applied force

,

0

- When is no work done?
- 1. No displacement [No work is done in circular path]
- 2. Displacement occurs perpendicularly to the applied force

Work = Force \times Displacement [along force direction]

$$W = F \times s$$
 [Unit – Joule, 1] = 1 N × 1 m]

- Work-Energy Relationship:
 - The ability to do work is called energy.
 - Energy of the body is equal to the amount of work it can do when its energy is released.
 - A Body possessing energy is only capable of doing work.

Energy: Unit – Joule

- **Kinetic energy** (because of motion): It depends on the mass and the speed of the body. Kinetic energy = $\frac{1}{2}mv^2$
- **Potential energy** (Because of position and shape of the body). Potential energy = mgh [gravitational potential energy; h = height, g = acceleration due to gravity]
- **Mechanical energy**: A body is said to have mechanical energy if it possesses either kinetic energy or potential energy or both.
- Various forms of energy are Chemical energy, Sound energy, Light energy, heat energy, magnetic energy, and muscular energy.
- Grease and other lubricating substances are used to minimize the energy loss due to the friction.
- Energy Chain: The sun's energy reaches us through a series of conversions which is called energy chain i.e the interconversion of energy from one form to various other forms.
- **Conservation of energy:** It states that energy cannot be created or destroyed. It can only be transformed from one form to another.

Sources of energy:

- Bio-mass Charcoal, cow-dung, vegetable waste, sewage
- Wind energy Environment friendly, renewable
- Solar energy Solar cooker, solar water heater (very efficient for small scale electricity production)
- **Geothermal energy** Heat energy inside the earth
- **Nuclear energy** Not dependent on solar energy, never-ending source, very efficient source, more environment friendly
- Tidal energy, wave energy, ocean thermal energy





